# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jotun Lacquer Thinner

Product code : 4256
Product description : Thinner.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Uses in Coatings - Consumer use: Apply this product only as specified on the label.

Uses in Coatings - Industrial use

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun UAE Ltd. L.L.C. P.O.Box 3671, Dubai, U.A.E. Tel: 009714 3395000 Fax:009714 3380666

Jotun Abu Dhabi L.L.C. P.O.box-3714 Abu Dhabi U.A.E. Tel: 00971 2 5510300

Fax:00971 2 5510300

SDSJotun@jotun.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

SHE Dept. Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

## Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification : R10

Xn; R20/21, R48/20 Xi; R41, R37/38

Physical/chemical

hazards

: Flammable.

**Human health hazards** 

: Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger.

**Hazard statements**: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not

breathe vapour or spray.

**Response**: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : xylene

ethylbenzene

4-methylpentan-2-one 2-methylpropan-1-ol n-butyl acetate

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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: Mixture

Jotun Lacquer Thinner

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture

|                         |  |              | <u>Classification</u>   |   |         |       |
|-------------------------|--|--------------|---|---|---------|-------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %            | 67/548/EEC  | Regulation (EC) No.<br>1272/2008 [CLP]  | Туре    | Notes |
| xylene                  | REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32                           | ≥34 -<br><50 | R10   | Flam. Liq. 3, H226  | [1] [2] | С     |
|                         | EC: 215-535-7<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>Index: 601-022-00-9 |              | Xn; R20/21<br>Xi; R38   | Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315               |         |       |
| ethylbenzene            | REACH #:<br>01-2119489370-35                           | ≥12 -<br><22 | F; R11  | Flam. Liq. 2, H225  | [1] [2] | -     |
|                         | EC: 202-849-4<br>CAS: 100-41-4                         |              | Xn; R20, R48/20, R65  | Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>(hearing organs)                     |         |       |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one    | Index: 601-023-00-4<br>EC: 203-550-1                   | ≥14 -<br><21 | F; R11  | Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Flam. Liq. 2, H225                                       | [1] [2] | -     |
|                         | CAS: 108-10-1<br>Index: 606-004-00-4                   |              | Xn; R20<br>Xi; R36/37<br>R66  | Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>EUH066         |         |       |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | REACH #:<br>01-2119484609-23                           | ≥12 -<br><25 | R10   | Flam. Liq. 3, H226  | [1]     | -     |
|                         | EC: 201-148-0<br>CAS: 78-83-1<br>Index: 603-108-00-1   |              | Xi; R41, R37/38<br>R67  | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336 |         |       |
| n-butyl acetate         | REACH #:<br>01-2119485493-29                           | ≥5 -<br><10  | R10   | Flam. Liq. 3, H226  | [1]     | -     |
|                         | EC: 204-658-1<br>CAS: 123-86-4<br>Index: 607-025-00-1  |              | R66, R67  | STOT SE 3, H336<br>EUH066   |         |       |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | REACH #:<br>01-2119457435-35                           | ≥3.7 -<br><5 | R10   | Flam. Liq. 3, H226  | [1] [2] | -     |
|                         | EC: 203-539-1<br>CAS: 107-98-2<br>Index: 603-064-00-3  |              | R67   | STOT SE 3, H336   |         |       |
|                         |  |              | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the R-<br>phrases declared<br>above. | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements<br>declared above. |         |       |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### <u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: Do not use water jet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# **6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits**

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values   |
|-------------------------|---|
| xylene                  | EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values |
|                         | STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.   |
|                         | TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.   |
|                         | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
| ethylbenzene            | EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values |

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m3 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative 4-methylpentan-2-one occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 1-methoxy-2-propanol EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 568 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m3 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## **Derived no effect levels**

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure                               | Value                 | Population | Effects  |
|-------------------------|------|--|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| xylene                  | DNEL | Short term                             | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers    | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Inhalation<br>Short term<br>Inhalation | 289 mg/m³             | Workers    | Local    |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal                       | 180 mg/kg<br>bw/day   | Workers    | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation                | 77 mg/m³              | Workers    | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal                       | 108 mg/kg<br>bw/day   | Consumers  | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation                | 14.8 mg/m³            | Consumers  | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Oral                         | 1.6 mg/kg<br>bw/day   | Consumers  | Systemic |
| ethylbenzene            | DNEL | Short term Inhalation                  | 293 mg/m³             | Workers    | Local    |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal                       | 180 mg/kg<br>bw/day   | Workers    | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation                | 77 mg/m³              | Workers    | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation                | 15 mg/m³              | Consumers  | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Oral                         | 1.6 mg/kg<br>bw/day   | Consumers  | Systemic |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation                | 310 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers    | Local    |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Oral                         | 25 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | Consumers  | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation                | 55 mg/m³              | Consumers  | Local    |
| n-butyl acetate         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation                  | 960 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers    | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Short term                             | 960 mg/m³             | Workers    | Local    |

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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|----------------------|----------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                      |                | Inhalation   |   |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term  | 480 mg/m³   | Workers                             | Systemic                            |
|                      |                | Inhalation   |   |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term  | 480 mg/m³   | Workers                             | Local                               |
|                      |                | Inhalation   |   |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Short term   | 859.7 mg/   | Consumers                           | Systemic                            |
|                      |                | Inhalation   | m³  |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Short term   | 859.7 mg/   | Consumers                           | Local                               |
|                      |                | Inhalation   | m³  |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term  | 102.34 mg/  | Consumers                           | Systemic                            |
|                      |                | Inhalation   | m³  |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term  | 102.34 mg/  | Consumers                           | Local                               |
|                      |                | Inhalation   | m³  |                                     |                                     |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | DNEL           | Short term   | 553.5 mg/   | Workers                             | Local                               |
|                      |                | Inhalation   | m³  |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term Dermal   | 50.6 mg/  | Workers                             | Systemic                            |
|                      |                |  | kg bw/day   |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term  | 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers                             | Systemic                            |
|                      |                | Inhalation   |   |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term Dermal   | 18.1 mg/  | Consumers                           | Systemic                            |
|                      |                |  | kg bw/day   |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term  | 43.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Consumers                           | Systemic                            |
|                      |                | Inhalation   |   |                                     |                                     |
|                      | DNEL           | Long term Oral   | 3.3 mg/kg   | Consumers                           | Systemic                            |
|                      |                |  | bw/day  |                                     |                                     |
| т-шешоху-2-ргорапог  | DNEL DNEL DNEL | Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation | m³ 50.6 mg/ kg bw/day 369 mg/m³ 18.1 mg/ kg bw/day 43.9 mg/m³ 3.3 mg/kg | Workers Workers Consumers Consumers | Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic |

## **Predicted no effect concentrations**

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Compartment Detail    | Value            | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| xylene                  | PNEC | Fresh water           | 0.327 mg/l       | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Marine                | 0.327 mg/l       | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Sewage Treatment      | 6.58 mg/l        | -             |
|                         |      | Plant                 |                  |               |
|                         | PNEC | Fresh water sediment  | 12.46 mg/kg dwt  | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Marine water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt  | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Soil                  | 2.31 mg/kg dwt   | -             |
| ethylbenzene            | PNEC | Fresh water           | 0.1 mg/l         | -             |
| ,                       | PNEC | Marine                | 0.01 mg/l        | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Sewage Treatment      | 9.6 mg/Ĭ         | -             |
|                         |      | Plant                 |                  |               |
|                         | PNEC | Fresh water sediment  | 13.7 mg/kg dwt   | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Soil                  | 2.68 mg/kg dwt   | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Secondary Poisoning   | 20 mg/kg         | -             |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | PNEC |                       | 0.4 mg/l         | -             |
| , · ·                   | PNEC | Marine                | 0.04 mg/l        | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Sewage Treatment      | 10 mg/l          | _             |
|                         |      | Plant                 |                  |               |
|                         | PNEC | Fresh water sediment  | 1.52 mg/kg dwt   | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Marine water sediment | 0.152 mg/kg dwt  | -             |
|                         | PNEC |                       | 0.0699 mg/kg dwt | -             |
| n-butyl acetate         | PNEC | Fresh water           | 0.18 mg/l        | -             |
| •                       | PNEC | Marine                | 0.018 mg/l       | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Sewage Treatment      | 35.6 mg/l        | -             |
|                         |      | Plant                 |                  |               |
|                         | PNEC | Fresh water sediment  | 0.981 mg/kg dwt  | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Marine water sediment | 0.0981 mg/kg dwt | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Soil                  | 0.0903 mg/kg dwt | -             |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | PNEC | Fresh water           | 10 mg/l          | -             |
| , ,                     | PNEC |                       | 1 mg/l           | -             |
|                         | PNEC |                       | 100 mg/l         | -             |
|                         |      | Plant                 |                  |               |
|                         | PNEC |                       | 52.3 mg/kg dwt   | -             |
|                         | PNEC |                       | 5.2 mg/kg dwt    | -             |
|                         | PNEC | Soil                  | 5.49 mg/kg dwt   | _             |

## 8.2 Exposure controls

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

## **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: CPF 3, Tychem 10000, Responder, Teflon

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC, PE

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene, Viton®, 4H

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

## **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product.(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. Colour Clear.

**Odour** : Characteristic. : Not available. **Odour threshold** pН : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

: Closed cup: 23°C Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Highest known value: 1.7 (4-methylpentan-2-one) Weighted average: 0.

92compared with butyl acetate

: Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 0.8 - 13.74%

: Highest known value: 2.1 kPa (15.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (4-methylpentan-2-one). Vapour pressure

Weighted average: 1.24 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.5 (Air

= 1)

**Relative density** : 0.86 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.225 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (>22.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s) **Viscosity** 

**Explosive properties** : Not available. : Not available. **Oxidising properties** 

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. decomposition products

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 15 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia.

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat     | 6700 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg              | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rabbit  | 4000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg              | -        |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 19200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 3400 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 2460 mg/kg              | -        |
| n-butyl acetate         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | >21.1 mg/l              | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg            | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 13100 mg/kg             | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 13 g/kg                 | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 6600 mg/kg              | -        |

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route | ATE value               |
|-------|-------------------------|
|       | 2328 mg/kg<br>14,1 mg/l |

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                 | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one    | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100 microliters | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | _     | 40 milligrams            | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500<br>milligrams        | -           |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                 | Category                 | Route of exposure                  | Target organs                                     |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one                    | Category 3               | Not applicable.                    | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol                     | Category 3               | Not applicable.                    | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| n-butyl acetate<br>1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3<br>Category 3 | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable. | Narcotic effects<br>Narcotic effects              |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene            | Category 2 | Not determined    | hearing organs |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ethylbenzene            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                             | Species                      | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| ethylbenzene            | Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l                | Algae                        | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l               | Daphnia                      | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l                | Fish                         | 96 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one    | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna      | 21 days  |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas - | 33 days  |
|                         | _                                  | Embryo                       |          |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna      | 21 days  |

**Conclusion/Summary**: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability   |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene  | -                 | -          | Readily<br>Readily |

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                  | 3,12   | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| ethylbenzene            | 3,6    | -           | low       |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one    | 1,9    | -           | low       |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol     | 1      | -           | low       |
| n-butyl acetate         | 2,3    | -           | low       |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | <1     | -           | low       |

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

: 08 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous

substances

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

: Paint related material

**International transport regulations** 

14.1 UN number

14.2 UN proper shipping

14.3 Transport hazard

: 3

class(es)

14.4 Packing group : 111 14.5 Environmental : No.

hazards

14.6 Special precautions

for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

**Additional information** 

**ADR / RID** 

: Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30

Special provisions: 630E

**IMDG** : Emergency schedules (EmS)

F-E, S-E

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

**IBC Code** 

Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

**Other EU regulations** 

**Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Black List Chemicals** Not listed **Priority List Chemicals** : Not listed Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control

list (IPPC) - Air

: Not listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule I** 

**Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule II** 

**Chemicals** 

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule III** 

**Chemicals** 

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety

**Assessment** 

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification          | Justification         |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226      | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332      | Calculation method    |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315     | Calculation method    |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318        | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 3, H335         | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 3, H336         | Calculation method    |
| STOT RE 2, H373         | Calculation method    |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method    |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

(dermal)

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

(inhalation)

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(hearing (hearing organs)

organs)

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

STOT RE 2. H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 (hearing organs)

**STOT SE 3, H335** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R

phrases

: R11- Highly flammable.

STOT SE 3, H336

R10- Flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R36/37- Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. R37/38- Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

**Date of printing** 

: F - Highly flammable

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

: 07.04.2016 : 07.04.2016 Date of issue/ Date of

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

#### **Notice to reader**

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If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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